# EARLY IDENTIFICATION OF PROGNOSTIC BIOMARKERS IN DIAGNOSTICS OF FRAILTY SYNDROME, SARCOPENIA, AND MALNUTRITION IN OLDER ADULTS

### Supervisor

Prof. Tomasz Kostka, MD, PhD

Assisting Supervisor Rafał Wlazeł, PhD

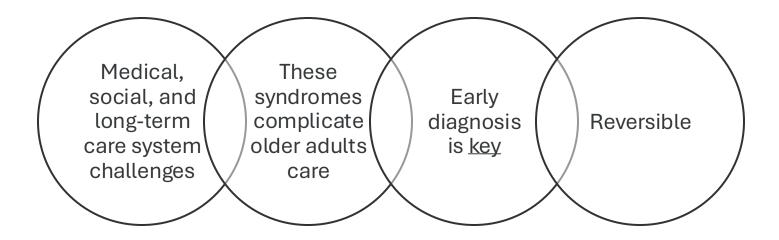
Karolina Dzięcioł, MSc

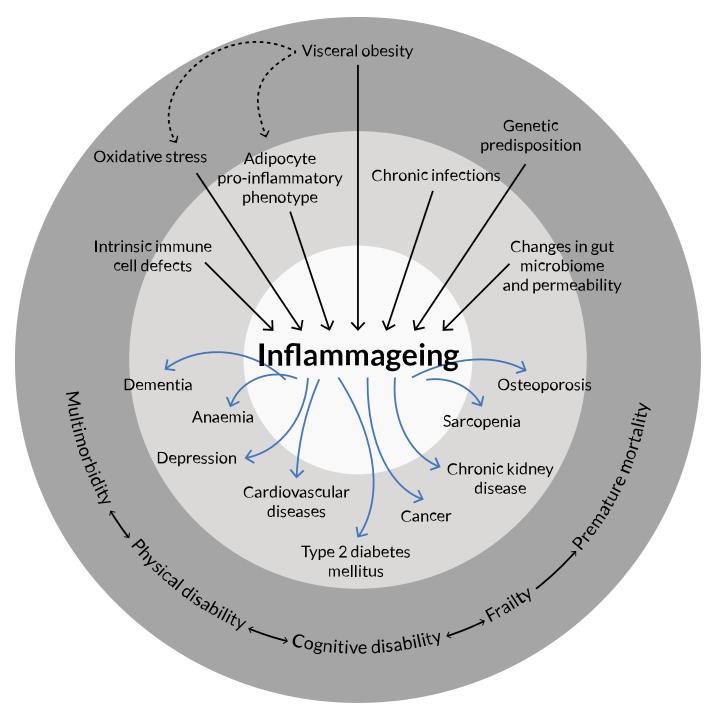
Scientific Public Review Session (PRS) • 2025



# 2050

29.4% of the EU population will be aged 65+







# INTRINSIC CAPACITY



# PUBLICATIONS IN PROGRESS

### **Publication No. 1**

Inflammageing in the context

of body composition.

### Publication No. 2

Which immunonutritional biomarkers are related to vulnerability in older women and men?

# METHODS

NUTRITIONAL STATUS	RISK OF SARCOPENIA	FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE
ANTHROPOMETRIC METHODS waist, hip, calf, and the non-dominant arm circumference, height, body mass BMI, WHR, WHtR SCREENING SCALES Mini Nutritional Assessment (MNA) Subjective Global Assessment (SGA) Nutritional Risk Score (NRS) BODY COMPOSITION ANALYSIS bioelectrical impedance analysis (BIA) - AKERN / Bodygram Software DIETARY ASSESSMENT 3-day dietary recall (Dieta 6.0 program)	SARC-F questionnaire Hand grip strength (Jamar dynamometer) 5-times sitting test Skeletal muscle mass and appendicular skeletal muscle mass (BIA) Short Physical Performance Battery (SPPB) Timed Up and Go (TUG) <b>MUSCLE POWER</b> Keiser device Monark (cycloergometer)	Short Physical Performance Battery (SPPB) Timed Up and Go (TUG) Activities of daily living (ADL) instrumental activities of daily living (IADL) VES-13 (Vulnerable Elders Survey-13) <b>PHYSICAL ACTIVITY</b> Seven Day Physical Activity Recall and Stanford questionnaires <b>QUALITY OF LIFE</b> EQ-5D questionnaire <b>COGNITIVE PERFORMANCE</b> Mini Mental State Examination (MMSE) Geriatric Depression Scale (GDS)

# Publication in progress No. 1

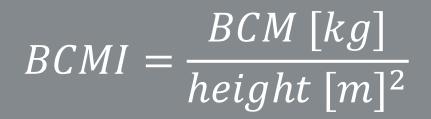
Inflammageing in the context of body composition.

### **BIOMARKERS ASSESSMENT**

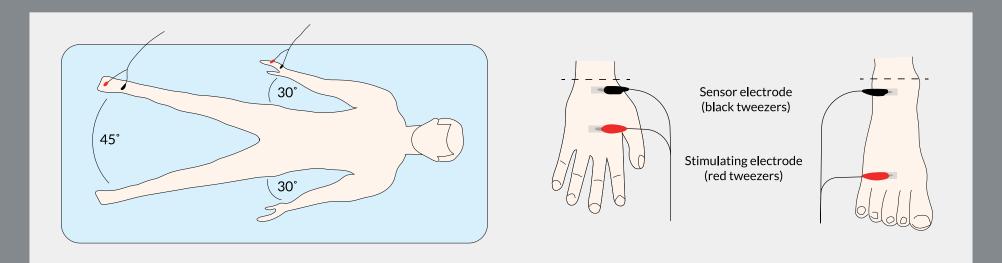
Potential biomarkers: Lymphocyte-to-Monocyte Ratic (LMR), Platelet-to-Lymphocyte Ratic (PLR), Neutrophil-to-Lymphocyte Ratio ((NLR), Gonadoliberin (GnRH), Interleukin-10 (IL-10), Neutrophil Gelatinase-Associated Lipocalin (NGAL), Intercellular Adhesion Molecule (ICAM), Vascular Cell Adhesion Molecule (VCAM), Myeloperoxidase (MPO), Soluble Urokinase-Type Plasminogen Activator Receptor (SuPAR), Endothelin (ET), Follistatin (FST), Endoglin (ENG), Bone Morphogenetic Protein 9 (BMP-9), Agouti-Related Protein (AGRP), Ciliary Follicle-Stimulating Hormone Neurotrophic Factor (CNTF), (FSH), Luteinizing Hormone (LH), Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA), Growth Hormone (GH), Thyroid-Stimulating Hormone (TSH), Fibroblast Growth Factor 21 (FGF-21), Growth Differentiation Factor 11 (GDF-11), Growth Differentiation Factor 15 (GDF-15), Interleukin-18 (IL-18), Adrenocorticotropic Hormone (ACTH), Dickkopf-Related Protein 1 (DKK-1), Fibroblast Growth Factor 23 (FGF-23), Interleukin-1 Beta (IL-1β), Interleukin-6 (IL-6), Insulin (INS), Leptin (LEP), Osteocalcin (OC), Osteopontin (OPN), Osteoprotegerin (OPG), Parathyroid Hormone (PTH), Sclerostin (SOST), Tumor Necrosis Factor Alpha (TNF- $\alpha$ ).

### **INCLUSION CRITERIA** Population of older adults INFLAMMAGEING IN THE CONTEXT OF BODY COMPOSITION Subjects with Subjects with $BMI \leq 27$ BMI > 27excluded from 75+ the study 100 higher **BCMI** lower **BCMI** patients from outpatient geriatric clinic F < 9 $F \ge 9$ M > 10 $M \leq 10$ 50 patients 50 patients (F=35, M=15) (F=35, M=15)

BCM Body Cell Mass Index



Body Cell Mass (BCM) – metabolically active ingredient in lean mass. Recognized to be one of the best predictors for assessment of the nutritional status of a patient.



### PLATELET LYMPHOCYTES MONOCYTES NEUTROPHILS



### INFLAMMATION MARKERS

# PLR, NLR, LMR

Biomarker	Clinical Meaning	Malnutrition Association
NLR	Reflects systemic inflammation	↑NLR linked with poor nutritional status
PLR	Platelets increase with inflammation	Elevated PLR suggests immune-nutritional imbalance
LMR	Immune suppression marker	↓LMR often seen in malnourished patients

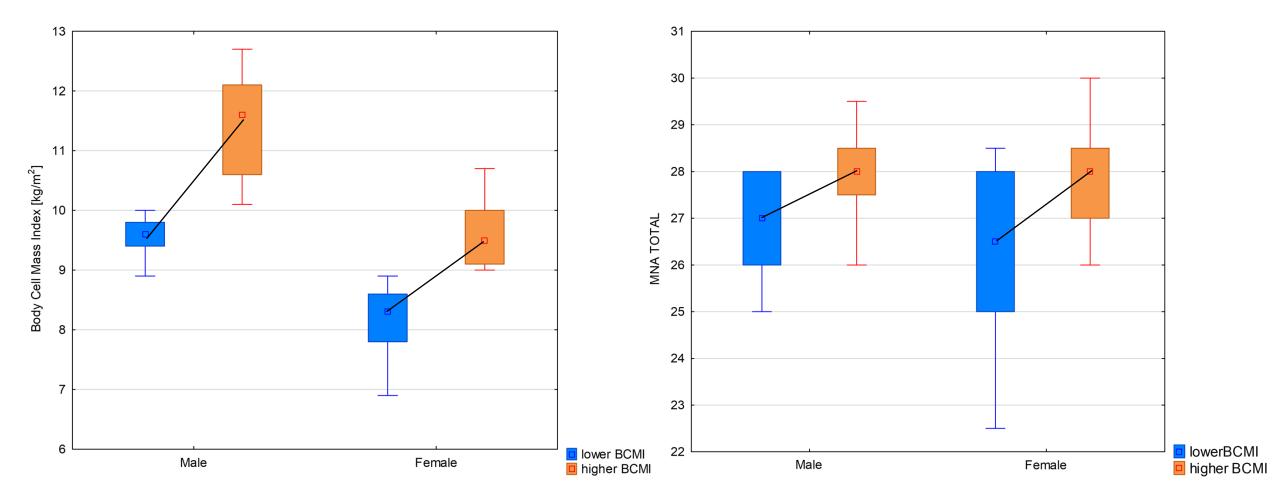
### **Clinical Relevance:**

- Routinely available from CBC
- Cost-effective & non-invasive
- Useful for screening in primary care or geriatric settings



Laboratory Complex of the University Clinical Hospital No. 2 of the Medical University of Lodz

### Values of BCMI and MNA in groups with lower and higher BCMI



# Characteristics of Male and Female subjects in groups with lower and higher BCMI

	Male			Female		
	lower BCMI	higher BCMI	p-value	lower BCMI	higher BCMI	p-value
AGE [years]	78±2.7	78±2.7	ns	$79\pm 3.5$	78.91±2.8	ns
BODY MASS [kg]	81±6	89.8±15.9	ns	73.4±8.1	76.6±9.16	ns
<b>BMI</b> [kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	28.5±1.2	32±5.3	0.028	$\textbf{29.9} \pm \textbf{1.9}$	$\textbf{31.6} \pm \textbf{3.4}$	0.038
WHtR	0.60±0.05	0.65±0.07	0.049	0.62±0.05	0.63±0.05	ns
WHR	0.99±0.06	1.02±0.07	ns	0.89±0.06	0.90±0.05	ns
BODY CELL MASS INDEX (BCMI) [kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	9.47±0.6	11.86±1.7	<0.0001	8.09±0.9	9.74±0.9	0.000
MNA SCREENING	13.1±1.28	13.5±0.8	ns	12.8±1.64	13.6±1	0.043
MNA TOTAL	26.6±1.6	28±0.81	0.003	26.27±1.9	27.6±1.9	0.002

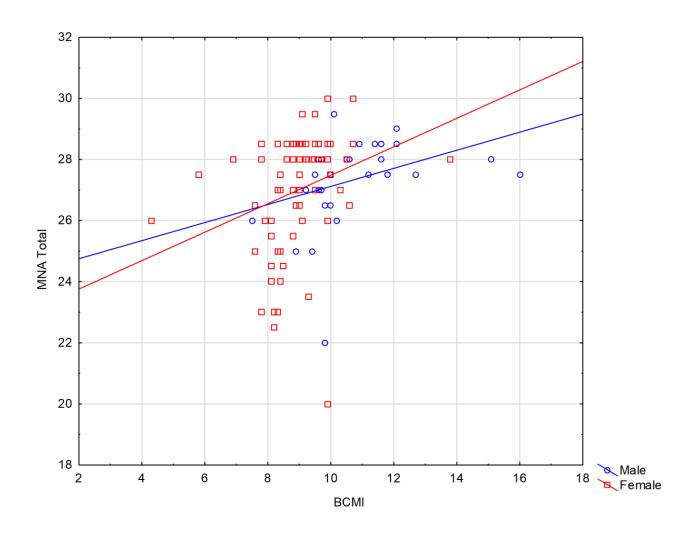
# Inflammation markers in males and females in groups with lower and higher BCMI

	Male			Female		
	lower BCMI	higher BCMI	p-value	lower BCMI	higher BCMI	p-value
CRP [mg/L]	5.66±5.7	3.1±3.84	ns	3.82±5.72	3.05±4.65	ns
LMR	3.21±0.88	2.98±0.52	ns	3.54±1.4	4.21±1.3	0.011
PLR	142.04±57.17	113.56±34.84	ns	135.7±48.97	116.94±43.62	ns
NLR	2.43±1	2.1±0.65	ns	2.48±1.37	1.67±0.65	0.001

# Spearman's Rank

	Males rho	Females rho
WIEK [years]	-0.135	-0.064
MASA CIAŁA [kg]	0.318	0.123
<b>BMI</b> [kg/m <sup>2</sup> ]	0.539*	0.264*
MNA TOTAL	0.517*	0.442*
MNA SCREENING	0.235	0.305*
CRP [mg/L]	-0.200	-0.059
LMR	-0.201	0.289*
PLR	-0.202	-0.170
NLR	-0.040	-0.370*

\*statistically significant correlation (p<0.05)



Male: rho = 0.517, p<0.05 Female: rho = 0.442, p<0.05 Dispersion of MNA values in relation with BCMI

# CONCLUSIONS



- In group of older people with BMI ≥ 27 kg/m<sup>2</sup> there is a statistically significant relationship between the level of the BCMI and the result of the MNA test. This suggests the existence of a relationship between the state of nutrition and the BCMI value.
- The BCMI was higher in older males than in older females (10.66±1.74 vs. 8.91±1.21).
- There is a relationship between BCMI and selected markers of inflammation (NLR and LMR) in the female group,

no such relationship was observed in the male group.

• BCMI should be included as a supplement to the classic assessment of nutritional status in the elderly.

### GERIATRIA Konferencja Kolegium Lekarzy Specjalistów Geriatrii w Polsce

### GERIATRIA 2025

XII Konferencja Kolegium Lekarzy Specjalistów Geriatrii w Polsce

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#### Ocena związku między Body Cell Mass Index (BCMI) a stane. zapalnego u osób starszych bez cech niedożywienia antropom

mgr Karolina Dzięcioł (1) (2) (3), prof. dr hab. n.med. Tomasz Kostka (1) thy w Lode', Klimika Gevlateli \* Salada Doktorska Medytyny Molekularsej \* Studenckie Kala Nac Rowe "PRO-Againg" Karatina.dzieciuk@umed.kodz.pl

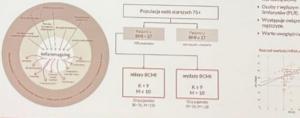
WSTEP: Zapalenie ogólnowstrojowe może mieć ogromny wpływ na osoby starsze. Wystąpienie przewieklego Walky szaputere opaniowa ugywe inice mies opramy wyny na doby starste. Nystąpienie przewiesiej Sahu szapinego może prowadci o opgorszenia stana odżywienia, keda niedożywienie oraz star zapalny wystąpia jednocześnie, kondycja pacjenta może ulie jeszcze głębszemu pograsenia. Bech może być ubytocznym narzęd niem prognostycznym, pozwalującym na wczesne i dokładne wykrycie ryzyka niedożywi

CEL: Celem badania była ocena związku między BCMI, stanem odżywienia a markerami zapalenia s osób starszych z BMI i > 27 kg/m².

### MATERIAL I METODY: Escribe w badaniu kliniczno-kontrolnym wsłęku ukrzia 100 osób. Do prugy z nisanym BCAM więczeno (K. - 35, BCAH - 9, M. - 15, BCAH - 3 00 zwykszym BCAM (V. - 55, BCAH a 9; M. - 15, BCAH - 30, Przywanaktow pomiaw anirozoneniszyma, wasłaży kałkud ciał metoda biołnymodanej elektrycznej (BIA), ocene stanu odzywienia przy ubyciu kwestionarkusza MNA, ocerer makretow zapierka: NILC UMP, PLR, CRB

WYNRIG 5-rednie wartojci BCMI dla kobiet wrynoliły 8/91±121 dla redczyca 10/7±174. U kobiet triwierkowo dodatni koreskaje między BCMI oraz BMI (zho-0.264 p. 40.03). MMA (zho-0.442 p. 40.03). LMR (zho-0.2099 ; nodaji ora u jemery z N. 8 kho-0.237; p. 40.03). U mekszym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.259 p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.259 p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.259 p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.259 p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.259 p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.259 p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.459, p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.459, p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.459, p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.459, p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.459, p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, między BCMI a BMI (zho-0.459, p. 40.03). MAKA (zho-0.377, p. 40.03). Jureticzym wratelia dodatali bredda, Jureticzym wrat nie wykapowały U kobiet w pujeż zwiszam BCMI wkada (16/2010) które za waterzani staru zapalnego nie wyktępowały U kobiet w pujeż z wiszam BCMI wkadzni datau zapalnego miety konzystniejsze wartości LVR (4.21±1.30; w 3.54±1.39 p+0.011) oraz NLR (1.67±0.65 w 3.48±1.37 p+0.001). U rejeczym nie wykazano ródnicy w poślanej markanów.

BIBLIOGRAFIA





### XII Conference of the **Council of Physicians Geriatrics Specialists** in Poland April 25-26

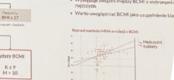
ICE Congress Centre in Krakow

The presentation received an award

#### **Evaluation committee:**

Prof. Karolina Piotrowicz Prof. Małgorzata Sobieszczańska Hanna Kujawska-Danecka, MD

 W gruple starszych osdo z BMI > 27 kg/m² warts Istnieje statystycznie istotny związek między po wartością BCMŁ Osoby z wyższym BCMI mają korzystniejszy stor limfocytów (PLR). Stosunek limfocytów do mono · Występuje związek między BCMI a wybranymi o



Body Cell Mass Index (BCMI) Beztłuszczowa masa komórkowa (BCM) - me beztluszczowej. Uznawana za jeden z najlepsa

dżywienia pacienta.

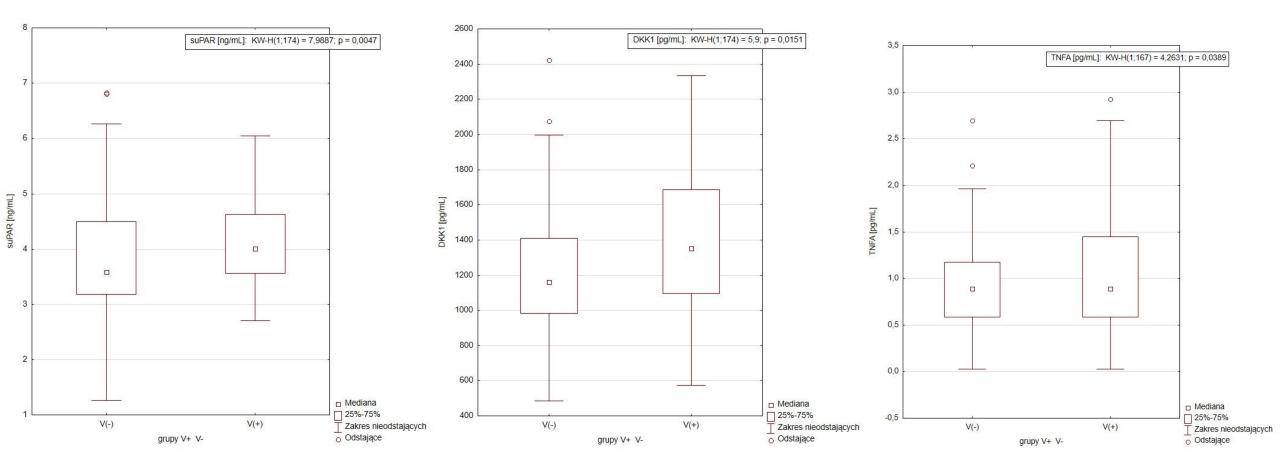
BCHI = BCH [4,5]

# Publication in progress No. 2

Which immunonutritional biomarkers are related to vulnerability in older women and men?

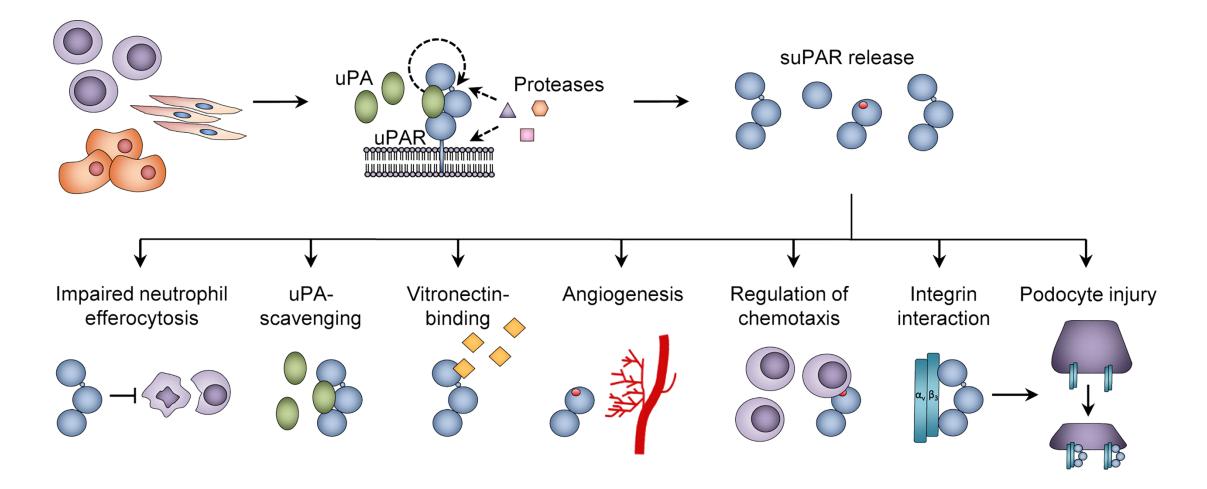
### **BIOMARKERS ASSESSMENT**

**Potential biomarkers:** Lymphocyte-to-Monocyte Ratio (LMR), Platelet-to-Lymphocyte Ratio (PLR), Neutrophil-to-Lymphocyte Ratio (NLR), Gonadoliberin (GnRH), Interleukin-10 (IL-10), Neutrophil Gelatinase-Associated Lipocalin (NGAL), Intercellular Adhesion Molecule (ICAM), Vascular Cell Adhesion Molecule (VCAM), Myeloperoxidase (MPO), Soluble Urokinase-Type Plasminogen Activator Receptor (SuPAR) Endothelin (ET), Follistatin (FST), Endoglin (ENG), Bone Morphogenetic Protein 9 (BMP-9), Agouti-Related Protein (AGRP), Ciliary Follicle-Stimulating Hormone Neurotrophic Factor (CNTF). (FSH), Luteinizing Hormone (LH), Dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA), Growth Hormone (GH), Thyroid-Stimulating Hormone (TSH), Fibroblast Growth Factor 21 (FGF-21), Growth Differentiation Factor 11 (GDF-11), Growth Differentiation Factor 15 (GDF-15), Interleukin-18 (IL-18), Adrenocorticotropic Hormone (ACTH), Dickkopf-Related Protein 1 (DKK-1), Fibroblast Growth Factor 23 (FGF-23), Interleukin-1 Beta (IL-1β), Interleukin-6 (IL-6), Insulin (INS), Leptin (LEP), Osteocalcin (OC), Osteopontin (OPN), Osteoprotegerin (OPG), Parathyroid Hormone (PTH), Sclerostin (SOST), Tumor Necrosis Factor Alpha (TNF-



Comparison of suPAR, DKK-1, TNF  $\alpha$  in vulnerable and non-vulnerable groups of older adults

# **SUPAR** • Soluble Urokinase Plasminogen Activator Receptor



# **BIOETHICS' COMMITTEE**

CURRENTLY AWAITING THE APPROVAL OF THE HOSPITAL

# SUBMITTED PROJECT PREPROPOSALS

# GRACE

### Geriatric Resilience And Care Excellence in primary and community care

THCS JTC 2025: "Better care closer to home: Enhancing primary and community care"

### TOTAL: 1 950 000 EUR

MUL: 400 000 EUR



# ROSE

Recognise, Observe, Support & Empower when functional decline or malnutrition appears in patients with advanced neurodegenerative disease

EU Joint Programme – Neurodegenerative Disease Research (JPND) -2025 Research Call on Health and Social Care Research with a Focus on The Moderate and Late Stages of Neurodegenerative Diseases.

### **TOTAL: 722 442 EUR**

MUL: 256 200 EUR

# ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES

**COST PROGRAMMING** 

PROGRAMMING • COST ACTION CA21122 23-24 Jan 2025 PROmoting GeRiAtric Medicine in countries where it is still eMergING

2

PRO-Ageing Student Scientific Circle

3

2025 **EUA-CDE** Thematic Workshop 16-17 Jan 2025 | University of Minho, Braga, Portugal



Support for Master's Thesis of 5th-year physiotherapy student "Assessment of the relationship between nutritional status and functional fitness and the occurrence of inflammation in older adults"

### **OPEN LECTURES**

**"Gene therapy for epidermolysis bullosa"** · M. Peter Marinkovich, MD **"DNA repair and cell cycle with implications in cancer biology"** · Dipanjan Chowdhury, PhD





In collaboration with



Society Conference

# 5th Symposium on Nutrition for the Ageing Brain

6&7 June 2025 | Chania Crete, Grece

Session 🔟 🥙 👽 Nutrition, Diet and Immune Function

- Session 2 🖋 🔍 Biomarkers of Cognitive Ageing and Nutrition: Current Advances and Future Directions
- Session 🛐 🗣 💪 Nutritional Interventions for Frailty, Sarcopenia, and Cognitive Function
- Session 🕘 🗑 🥏 Nutrition, Dental Health, Oral Microbiome, and Cognition: Exploring the Connections

Session 5 5 5 The Intersection of Sex, Nutrition, and Socioeconomic Inequalities: Implications for Health in Old Age

Session 🙆 🥥 🥬 Nutrition for Mental Health in Old Age: Addressing Depression & Anxiety



### **POTENTIAL BENEFITS** OF THE PROJECT

•The implementation of rapid diagnostic and preventive measures helps **inhibit the development** of geriatric syndromes, promoting preventive actions

•Increased awareness among patients, caregivers, and specialists in the field enhances proactive healthcare practices

 Identification of new markers or new applications of existing markers expands the scope of laboratory activities

•Identification of **dietary patterns** related to more favorable biomarkers and functional profile of older subjects



